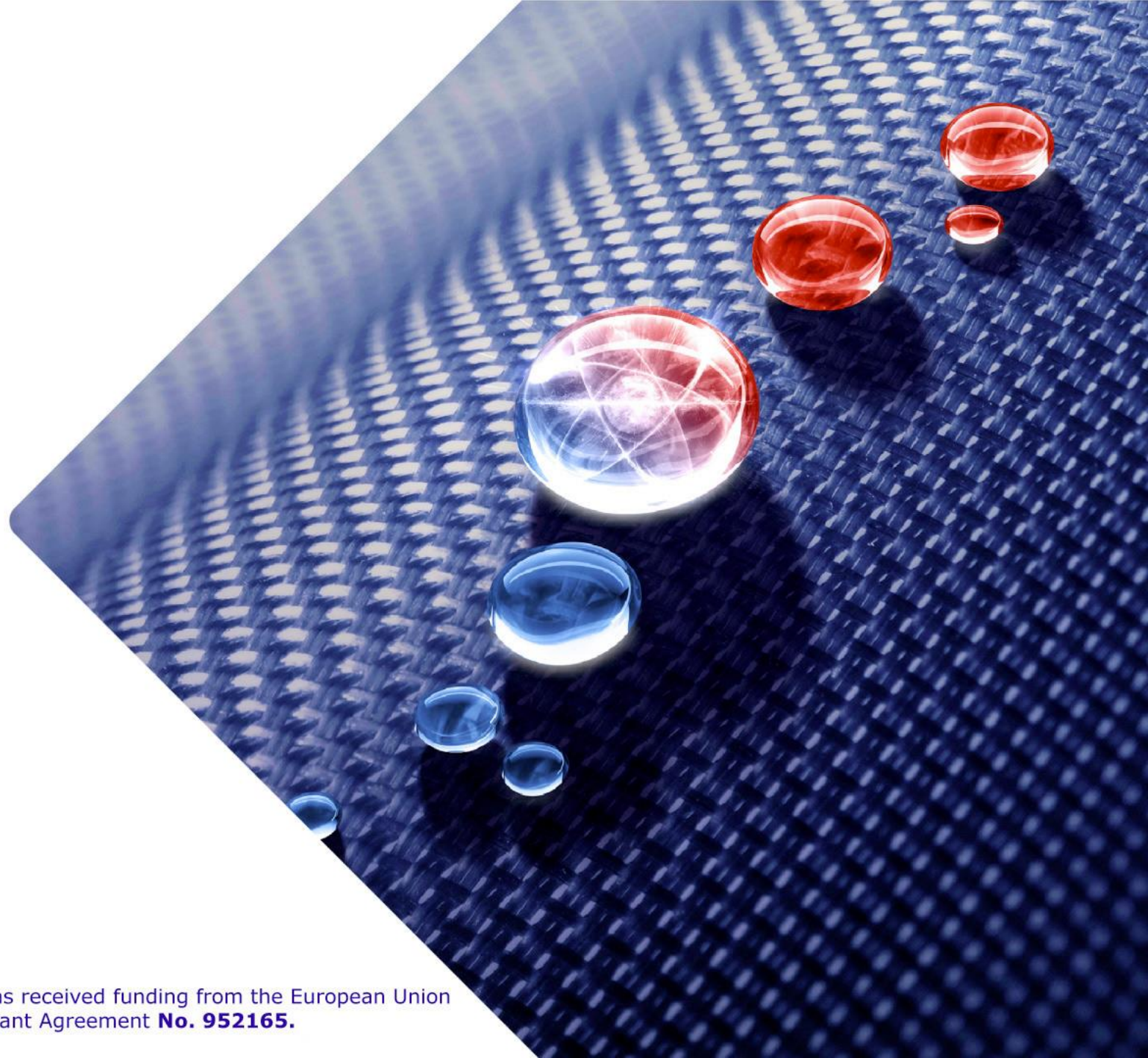


# Container

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## Why should YOU use Containers?

### × Users:

- × Ease the setup and running of your applications
- × Ease the portability of your applications
- × Allow reproducibility by others

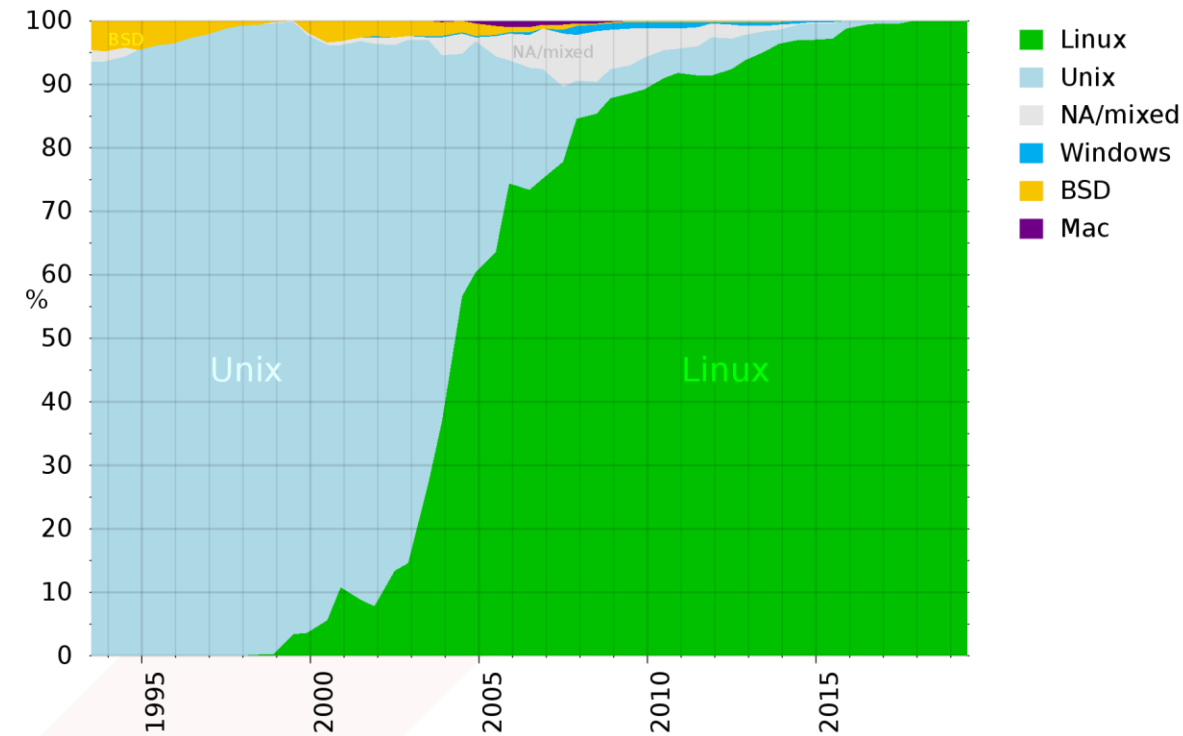
### • Developers:

- Ease "DevOps"
- Compile your code for different operation systems and versions



<https://unsplash.com/photos/NdFREM5SP08>

- × Your supercomputer most likely uses Linux
- × Linux distributions and versions differ
  - × RHEL7 vs RHEL8
  - × SUSE
  - × Ubuntu
- × System libraries and their versions differ
  - × LibC
  - × Math Libraries
  - × Python



Operating Systems of TOP500 Supercomputers

-> Using and moving applications on multiple systems can be challenging

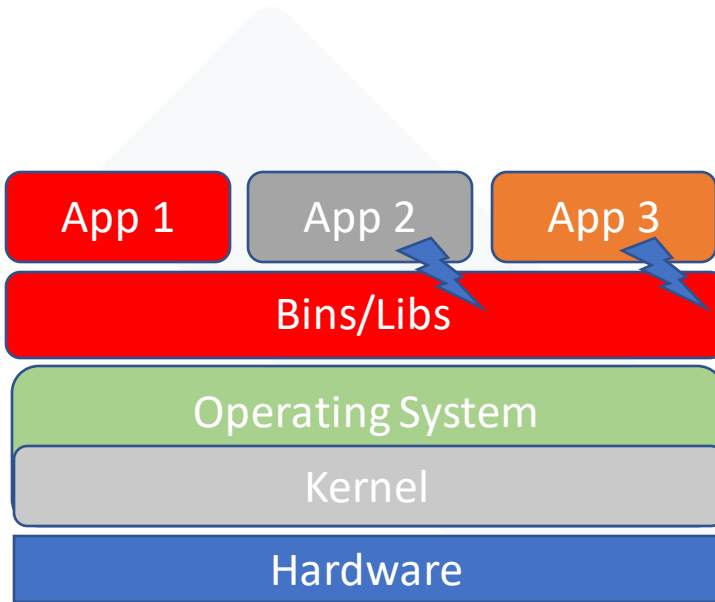
Solution: Have a portable, easily shareable, artifact

- × **Containers** are an intelligent way to package an application
  - × Including all needed dependencies
  - × Including all needed configurations
  - × Isolated environment
  - × Shareable either via a repository or as one file
    - <https://hub.docker.com/search?q=QMCPACK>



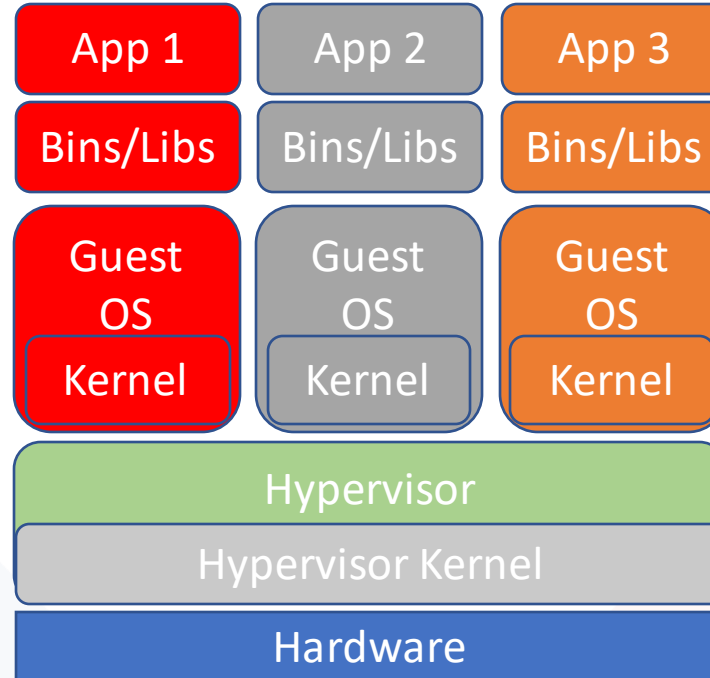
[https://unsplash.com/photos/tjX\\_sniNzqQ](https://unsplash.com/photos/tjX_sniNzqQ)

## Traditional Machine



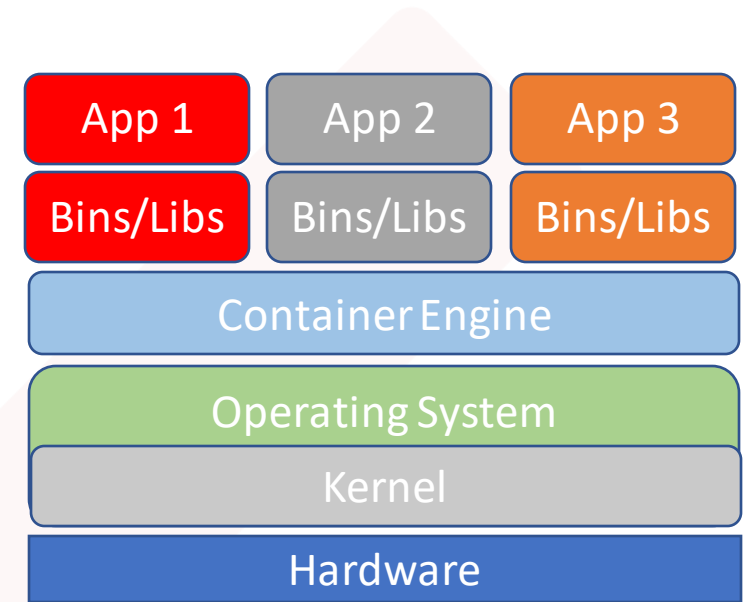
- Pro:
  - Easy to setup
- Cons:
  - Apps may depend on different libs
  - Not portable

## Virtual Machines



- Pro:
  - Separation
  - Portable but huge
- Cons:
  - Performance impact
  - Hard to setup

## Containers



- Pro:
  - Separation
  - Portable
  - Easy to setup

- Docker ([www.docker.com](http://www.docker.com))
  - most used platform with lots of prebuild application containers on <https://hub.docker.com/>
  - needs root access to install / hard to secure for a multi-user system
  - needs a daemon running on the node
- Pod Manager "Podman" (<https://www.podman.io>)
  - developed as an alternative to Docker
  - no root access required
  - compatible to Docker command line commands
- Singularity (<https://sylabs.io/singularity/>)
  - developed as an alternative to Docker for HPC systems
  - no root access required
  - can use Docker containers
  - supports HPC interconnects natively
  - recently introduced a "Pro" version with enterprise support





## Image

- × act as a set of instructions to build a Docker container
- × like a class in programming language or blueprint in real world
- × contains application code, libraries, tools

## Container

- × an independent instance of an image
- × like an object in programming language or manufactured object from blueprint

- × `docker pull` – downloads images from repository (default hub.docker.com)

```
# docker pull almalinux:8
8: Pulling from library/almalinux
Digest: sha256:b2e1ecb0bac82071625d81bad348cda7dc92b8a21b01a8cc0a6d489e4e0edd2f
Status: Downloaded newer image for almalinux:8
docker.io/library/almalinux:8
```

- × `docker image ls` or `docker images` - shows images in local workspace

```
# docker image ls
REPOSITORY          TAG          IMAGE ID          CREATED           SIZE
alma_slurm          latest      06ad41a26a79     About an hour ago 852MB
cw_legacy_webfrontend latest      82360d76c1a2     3 weeks ago      583MB
almalinux           8           18d68cc33780     4 weeks ago      210MB
debian              10         730bc7b177ec     6 weeks ago      114MB
```

- × `docker image rm` or `docker rmi` - delete images in local workspace

```
# docker rmi almalinux:8
Untagged: almalinux:8
Untagged: almalinux@sha256:b2e1ecb0bac82071625d81bad348cc
```



× *build\_slurm\_el8.dockerfile*

```

ARG BASE_IMAGE

# example: almalinux:8
FROM $BASE_IMAGE

ARG NAME_COMPILE_SCRIPT

USER 0

RUN dnf -y install epel-release dnf-plugins-core && \
    yum config-manager --set-enabled powertools && \
    dnf -y install gcc gcc-c++ perl python3 rpm-build git cmake wget && \
    dnf -y install munge-devel hwloc-devel rrdtool-devel mysql-devel ...

RUN mkdir -p /build/slurm

WORKDIR /build/slurm

# exapmle: my_compile_script.sh
COPY $NAME_COMPILE_SCRIPT /build/slurm

ENTRYPOINT [ "$NAME_COMPILE_SCRIPT", "param1", "valueParam1", "param2", ... ]

```

- × `docker build PATH` – builds an image from a dockerfile
- × `--file` or `-f` – sets name of dockerfile (default: Dockerfile)
- × `--tag` or `-t` – simple tag for the image (default latest)
- × `--build-arg` – parameter which can be passed into the container
- × Example: `docker build --build-arg "BASIC_IMAGE=almalinux:8" --build-arg "BASIC_IMAGE=my_compile_script.sh" -f ./build_slurm_el8.dockerfile -t alma_slurm .`

× my\_compile\_script.sh

```
#!/bin/bash

wget https://download.schedmd.com/slurm/slurm-${SLURMVERSION}${SLURMRELEASE}.tar.bz2
rpmbuild -ts slurm-${SLURMVERSION}${SLURMRELEASE}.tar.bz2
rpm --install ./SRPMS/slurm-${SLURMVERSION}*.src.rpm
rpmbuild -ba ./SPECS/slurm.spec
```

- × `docker run IMAGE` – creates and executes a container from an image
- × `--name` – set name for container
- × `--terminal --interactive` or `-t -i` short `-ti` – command line access inside the container
- × `--entrypoint` – overwrite default entrypoint (main routine) of the image
- × `--volume` or `-v` – mounts a directory ("volume") from host into container
- × `--rm` – removes container after exit
- × `--env` or `-e` – set environment variables
  
- × Example: `docker run -v /tmp/slurm:/build/slurm -e "SLURMVERSION=20.11.8" --name build_slurm alma_slurm`
- × Example debugging: `docker run -ti --entrypoint "/bin/bash" -v /tmp/slurm:/build/slurm -name build_slurm alma_slurm`



- × `docker container ls` - shows running container
- × `-a` – shows all container

```
# docker container ls -a
CONTAINER ID   IMAGE          COMMAND                  CREATED        STATUS      NAMES
58c6db206833   alma_slurm    "/bin/bash"            49 seconds ago Exited (0) 46 seconds ago   build_slurm
d7ad61568202   cw_legacy_webfrontend  "/usr/local/share/cl...  11 days ago   Up 11 days   cw_legacy_webfronte
nd_container   0.0.0.0:18000-18004->18000-18004/tcp, :::18000-18004->18000-18004/tcp
```

- × `docker container rm` or `docker rm` – removes container in local workspace

```
# docker rm build_slurm
build_slurm
```

- × `docker create IMAGE` – creates container from image
- × `docker start CONTAINER` – starts stopped or created container
- × `docker attach CONTAINER` – connects to running container
- × `docker stop CONTAINER` – stops container
- × `docker kill CONTAINER` – forces the container to stop

- × Example Folding At Home: <https://github.com/linuxserver/docker-foldingathome/blob/master/Dockerfile>

```
FROM ghcr.io/linuxserver/baseimage-ubuntu:bionic

# set version label
ARG BUILD_DATE
ARG VERSION
ARG FOLDINGATHOME_RELEASE
LABEL build_version="Linuxserver.io version:- ${VERSION} Build-date:- ${BUILD_DATE}"
LABEL maintainer="aptalca"

#Add needed nvidia environment variables for https://github.com/NVIDIA/nvidia-docker
ENV NVIDIA_DRIVER_CAPABILITIES="compute,video,utility"

# global environment settings
ENV DEBIAN_FRONTEND="noninteractive" \
    MAJOR_VERSION=7.6
```

```

RUN \
  echo "**** install runtime packages ****" && \
  apt-get update && \
  apt-get install -y \
    jq \
    ocl-icd-libopencl1 && \
  ln -s libOpenCL.so.1 /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libOpenCL.so && \
  echo "**** install foldingathome ****" && \
  download_url=$(curl -sL https://download.foldingathome.org/releases.py?series=${MAJOR_VERSION} |
  curl -o \
    /tmp/fah.deb -L \
    ${download_url} && \
  dpkg -x /tmp/fah.deb /app && \
  echo "**** cleanup ****" && \
  apt-get clean && \
  rm -rf \
    /tmp/* \
    /var/lib/apt/lists/* \
    /var/tmp/*

# add local files
COPY root/ /

# ports and volumes
EXPOSE 7396
VOLUME /config

```



- × *docker save IMAGE* – saves everything needed to build a container from scratch
- × *docker load IMAGE* – loads image from file created with "save" - no hub needed
- × *docker export CONTAINER* – export a container including its current file system into a file
- × *docker import CONTAINER* – imports container including its file system from file

Questions?



# Thank you!

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